



## Test Gas Generators

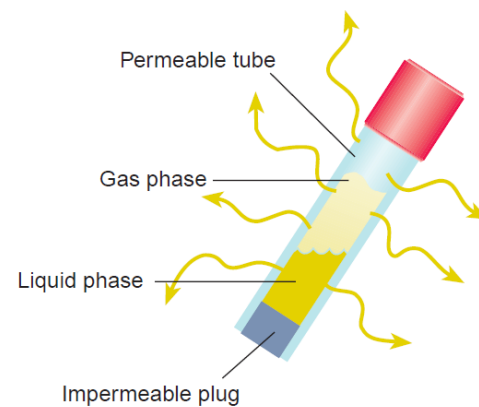
Dr.-Ing. York Neubauer | Institute of Energy Engineering | Berlin 04.04.2014

# test gas generators

## A Mobile Mass Spectrometer for Comprehensive On-Line Analysis of Trace and Bulk Components of Complex Gas Mixtures: Parallel Application of the Laser-Based Ionization Methods VUV Single-Photon Ionization, Resonant Multiphoton Ionization, and Laser-Induced Electron Impact Ionization

F. Mühlberger,<sup>†,‡</sup> R. Zimmermann,<sup>\*,†,‡,§</sup> and A. Kettrup<sup>†,⊥</sup>

*Anal. Chem.* **2001**, 73, 3590-3604



**The Compact Calibration Gas Unit.** Quantification and calibration is an important issue for laser-based analytical techniques, because highly nonlinear processes are involved. Moreover, different analytes often have largely different responses.

Similarly to preceding work,<sup>13,16</sup> we use a standard gas containing relevant analytes in parts-per-billion volume quantities for external calibration and quantification. The standard gas is generated after the “defined leak” principle using the permeation tube approach.<sup>48,49</sup>

# J. Namieśnik, "Generation of standard gaseous mixtures," Journal of Chromatography A, vol. 300, pp. 79–108, 1984

CHREV. 171

## GENERATION OF STANDARD GASEOUS MIXTURES

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**The preparation of proper reference materials used in process of analysis of gaseous samples is a particularly **difficult task**.**

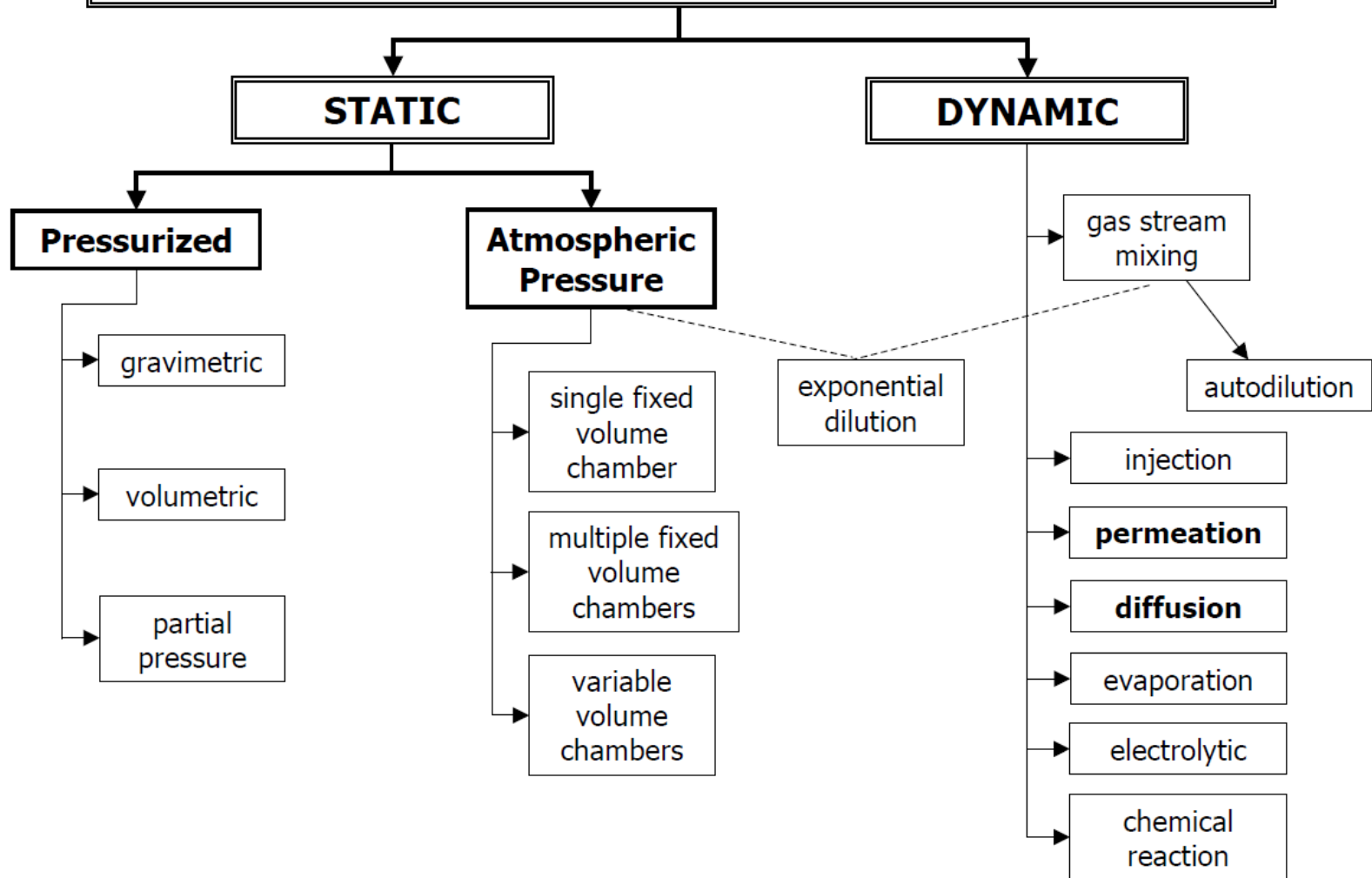


**Jacek Namieśnik**, Piotr Konieczka, Anna Świtaj-Zawadka

NEW APPROACH IN THE FIELD...



# GENERATION OF GASEOUS STANDARD MIXTURES



# Gas Analysis Webinars

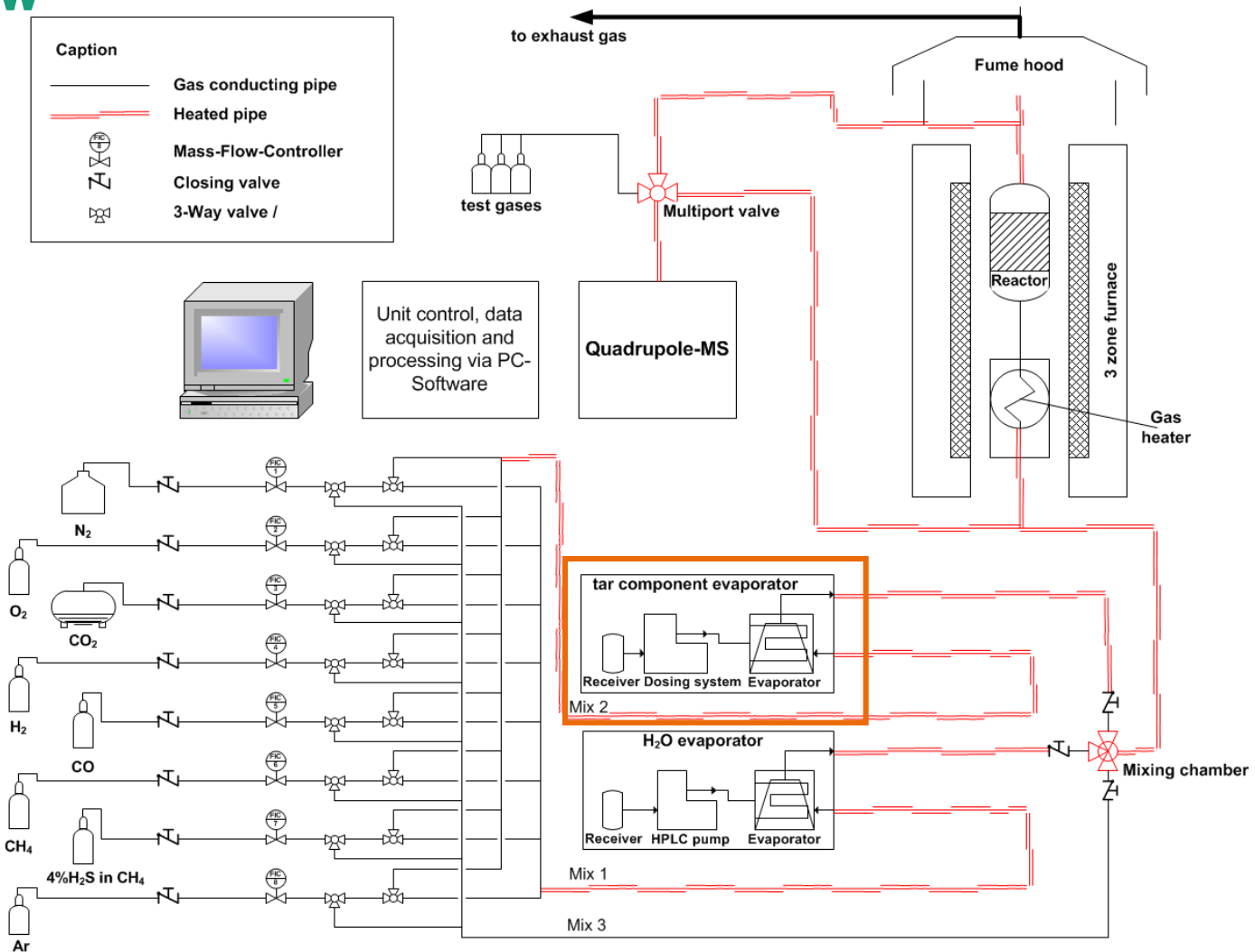
## test gas generators

March 21<sup>st</sup> 2014

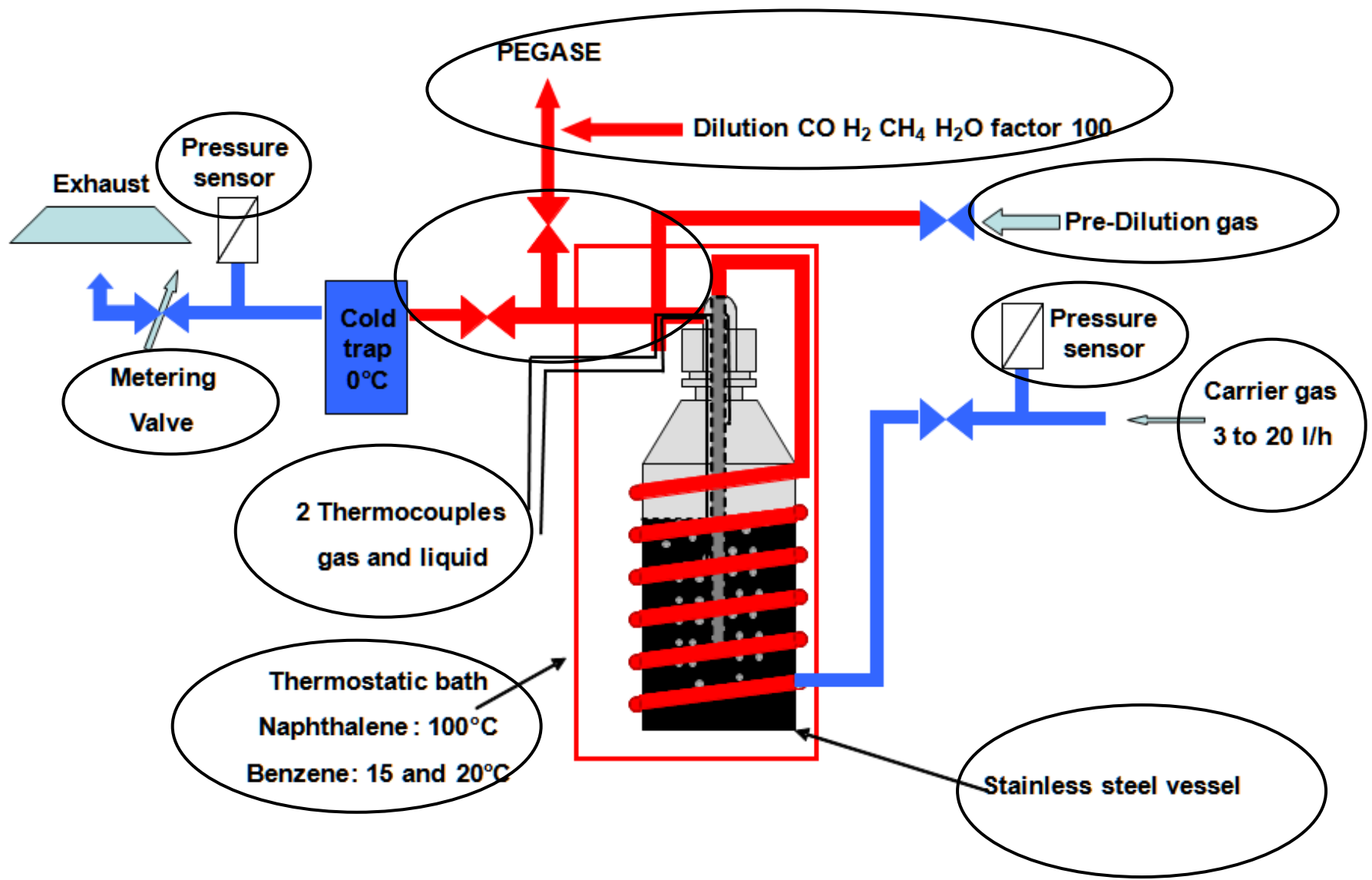
- *Y. Neubauer, TU Berlin, Germany*  
*Brief introduction and scope of this webinar*
- F. Defoort, cea, Grenoble, France  
Two types of test gas generator systems based on entrainment of saturated gas and on syringe into vacuum vessel
- M. Reinikainen, vtt, Espoo, Finland  
Tar generation by ethene pyrolysis
- C. Hamel, C. Unger, Fraunhofer UMSICHT, Oberhausen, Germany  
Model gas made by Fraunhofer UMSICHT –  
Test gas for catalyst examinations including steam and tar compounds

# Test system

## Overview



# 2-System based on entrainment of saturated gas

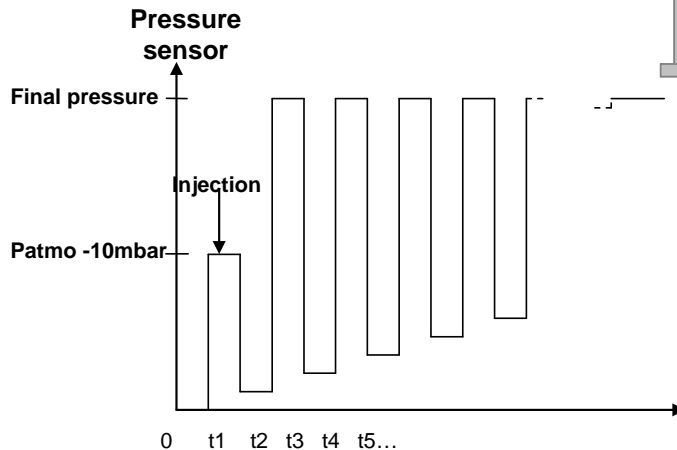
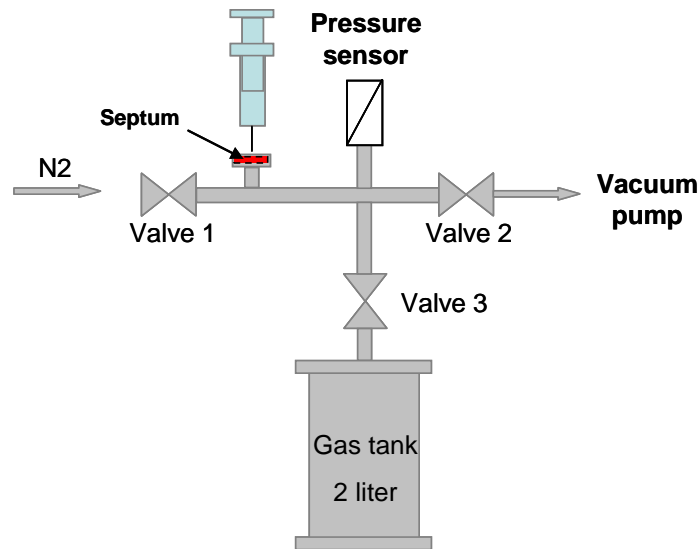




# 3- System based on syringe into vacuum vessel

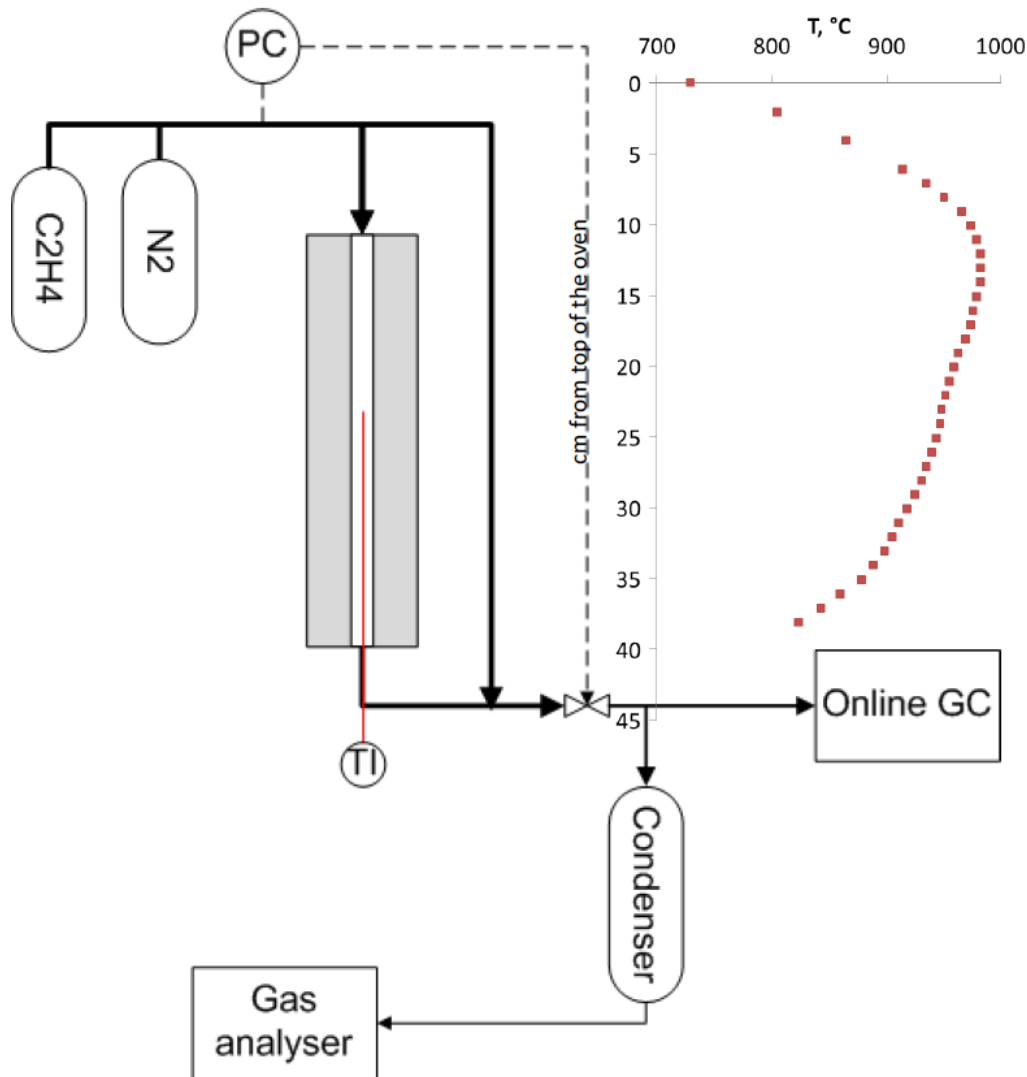
- Need a gas generator
  - For pure component (gas not polluted by solvent)
  - With about 6 liters of calibrated gas

## Filling the Gas Tank



- 1\_  $t=0$  : V2, V3 open, vacuum is done
  - 2\_  $t1$  : close V2, V3 and open V1 until pressure is slightly below atmospheric pressure.
  - 3\_ injection of the liquid by the syringe
  - 4\_  $t2$  : open V3 and then close
  - 5\_  $t3$  : open V1 for N2 injection to the final pressure and then close V1
  - 6\_  $t4$  : open V3 and then close
- And repeat steps 5 and 6... until you reach the final pressure

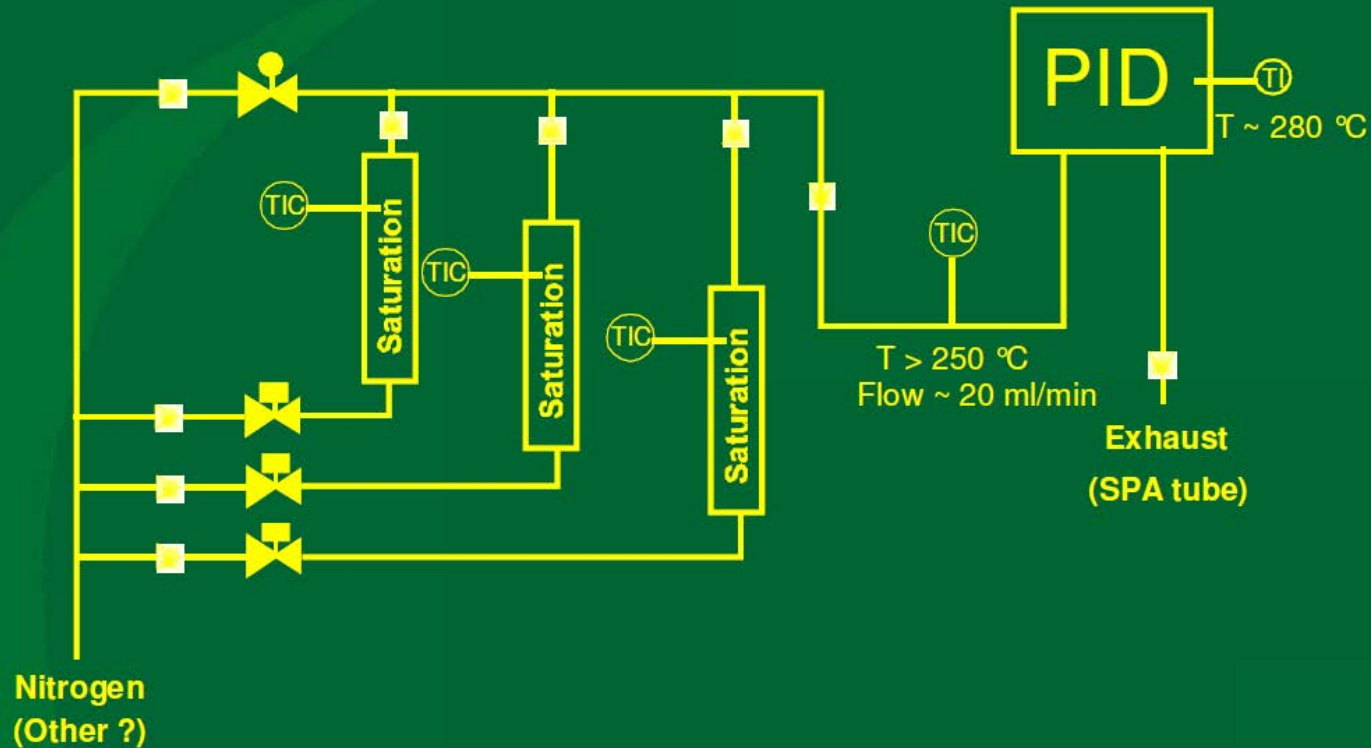
# Laboratory set-up and conditions



- Feed: 5 vol-% ethene in N<sub>2</sub>
- Conditions tested
  - Pressure: 1-6 bar(a)
  - Temperature: 800 – 975 °C
  - Residence time: 0.09-3.34 s (calculated for the whole reactor length)

# Approaches for PAH 'evaporators' in other working groups

# Experimental set-up

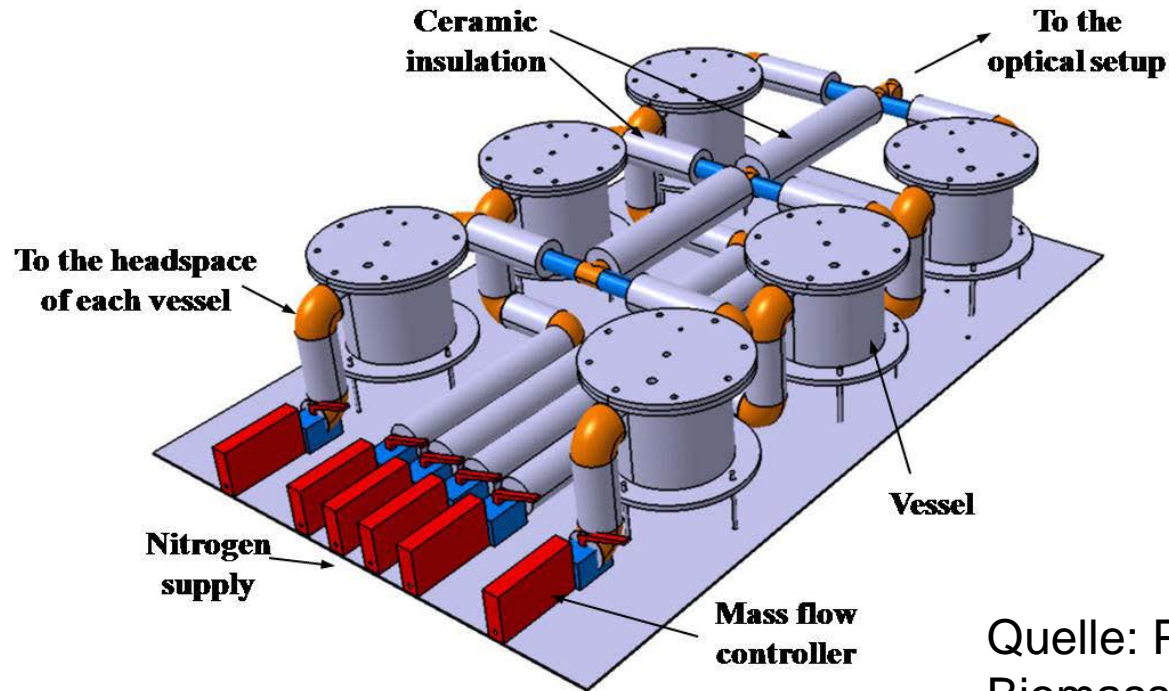


*Schematic drawing of experimental set-up*

slide 8



# München (Mitsakis)

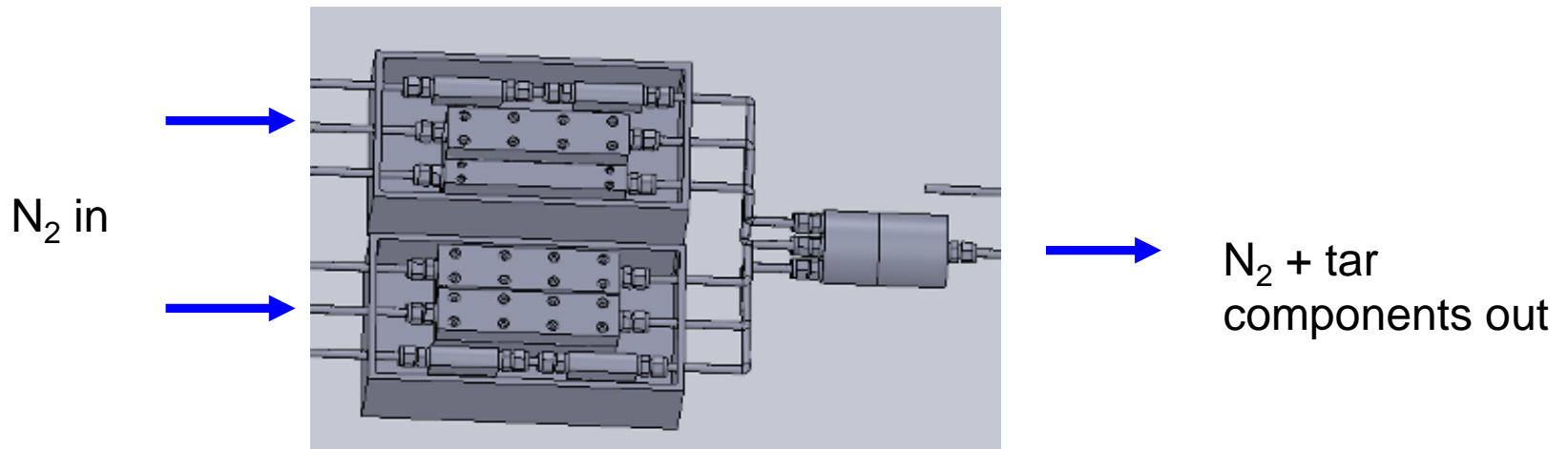
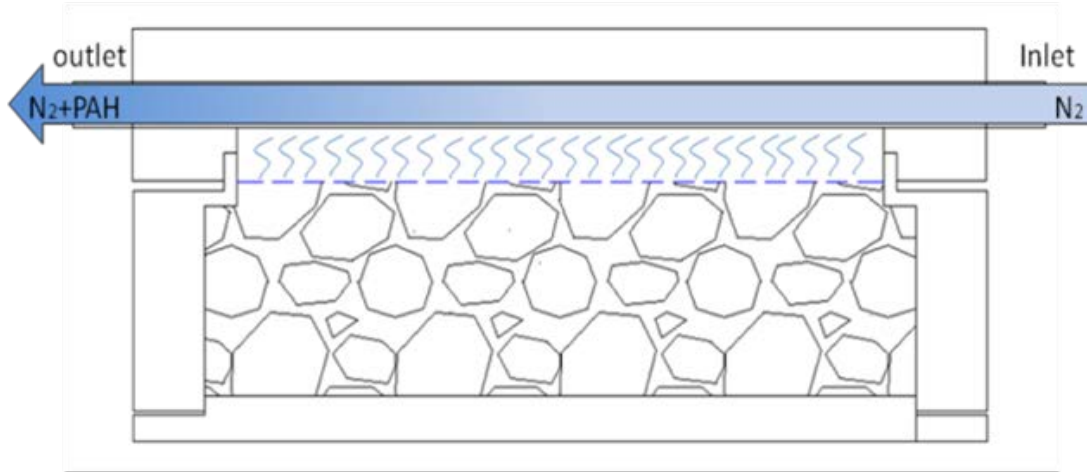


Quelle: Paper 17th  
Biomassconference  
2009, HH

„Tar Mixing Station“

Berechnungsmodell zur Konzentrationsermittlung. Verifiziert mittels Tar Protokoll (PhD Thesis).

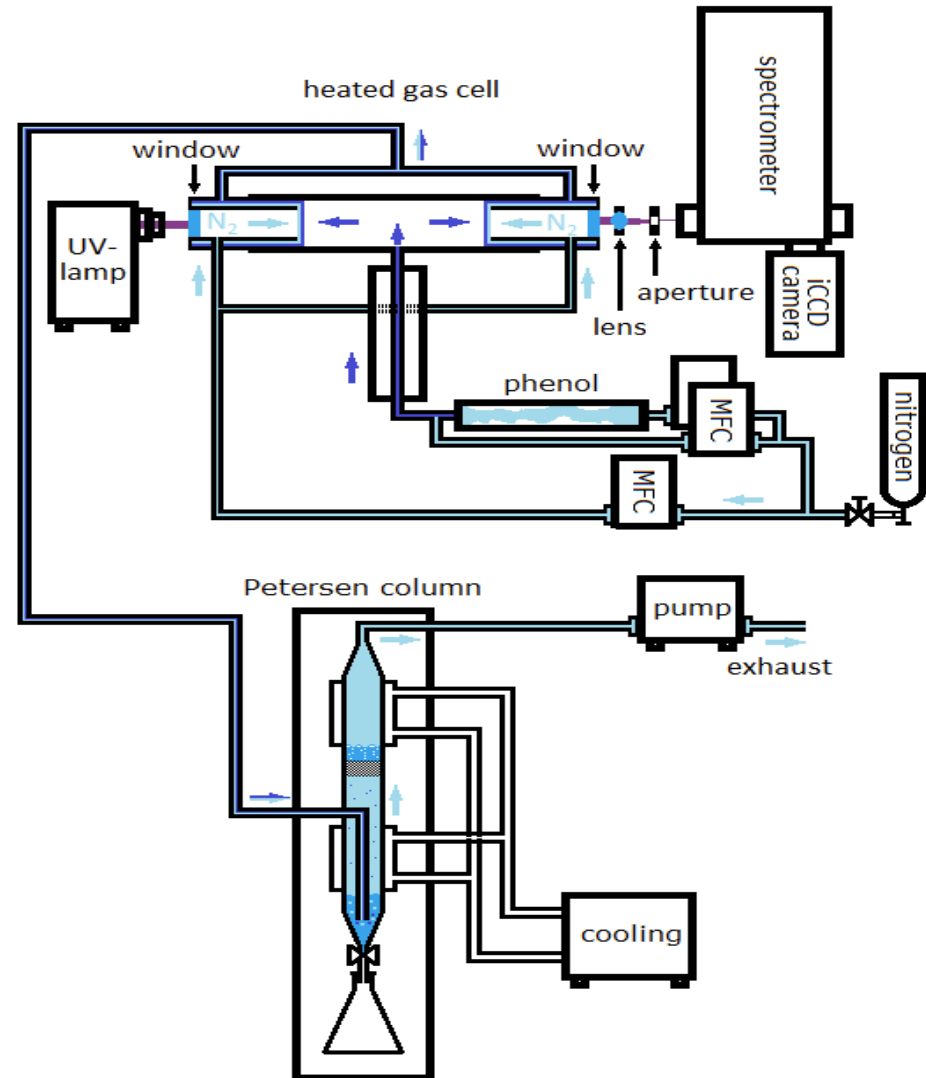
# Sun et al. TU Berlin



# Dänemark (Sárosy)

Konzentrationsermittlung  
mittels Tar Protokoll  
(Petersen Column)

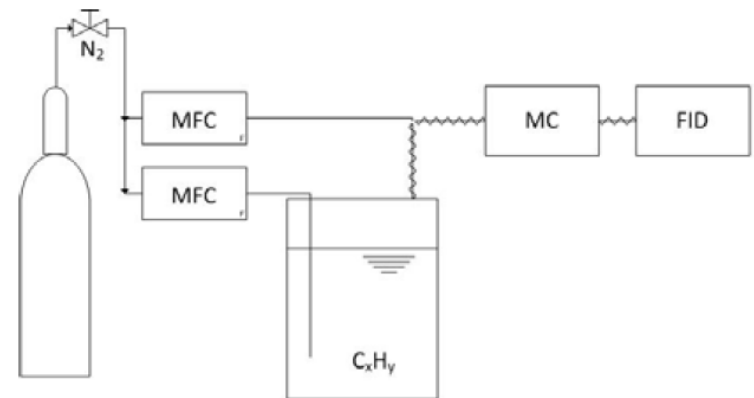
Quelle: Poster  
Biomassekonferenz 2013



# Nürnberg (Roveda)

„Tar Bubbler“  
Konzentrationsermittlung  
mittels FID als  
Propanäquivalent

Quelle: Paper Patuzzi,  
Roveda in Fuel 2013





# Entwicklung, Validierung und Anwendung eines Verfahrens zur Erzeugung langzeitstabiler VOC-Gasgemische. M. Richter PhD-Thesis 2010

